## KASMIR CUSTOM DRAPERIES



## STANDARD FEATURES ARE LISTED WITH EACH STYLE

## Facts about Fullness

- Fullness chosen depends on desired application.
- More fullness equates to more fabric used. A lace pattern or large floral would use less fullness to show more of the pattern.
- More fullness may be desired for lighter weight face fabric, less fullness for heavier fabrics.
- Fullness is indicated on each width chart to help you determine the number of widths needed.

Fullness Recommendations

## Fabric Type

Sheers
Light Weight Fabrics
Laces
Medium Weight Fabrics
Bulky Fabrics
Heavy Weight Fabrics

Suggested Fullness
3-to-1
3-to-1
3-to-1
$21 / 2$-to- 1
2-to-1
2-to-1


## What to know about Lining

- Standard lining is 110 " railroaded seamless (50 poly/50 cotton) in white or ivory.
- Seamless blackout is 108 " railroaded, and serged on bottom hem.
- Lining choices available at no additional charge are: B-line, Suedeline, Challis, RocLon, and Crest.
- Other linings are available at an upcharge.
- Interlining adds body to face fabric, helps enhance draping and helps with light diffusion. Available at an upcharge, use Option 619.


## Lining Fabrication Information

- 3 " double-turned, blindstitched bottom hem.
- Nocturne blackout lining is serged at the bottom, not hemmed.
- Needle holes and black specks may show on stitched areas of blackout lining.
- When using a lining that is a different width than the face fabric, only the first seam of the lining is matched to the face fabric seams.


## Pattern Repeats

- Fabric is always pattern matched from width to width where applicable.
- Pattern repeats are matched from the bottom of the drapery (hems sewn first).
- Pattern match from the top is available as an upcharge Option 555. We recommend plaids be matched from the top down.
- Vertical stripes, although matched at the seams, will not be blocked, meaning the pattern will not fall in the same area from pleat to pleat.
- Horizontal stripes may give a wavy appearance from width to width.


## Seamless Fabrics - 118" wide

- Fabric is railroaded - turned sideways to use the width as the length and avoid seams.
- Kasmir sample books show fabric as it will appear when railroaded.
- Products or options made with 118 " railroaded fabrics may be priced by the "billing width".
- Finished length is limited by the width of the fabric and the production allowance.
- Pleated - unlined, 4" double-turned hems and headings yield a 100" finished length. ( 118 " - 18" allowance $=100$ ").
- Shirred - unlined, $11 / 2 "$ casing, 1 " heading and a 4 " double-turned hem yields a 103 " finished length. (118" $-15^{\prime \prime}$ allowance $\left.=103 "\right)$.



## ACCURATELY MEASURING

## Measuring Hints

- Always sketch what you visualize.
- Measure with a 25 ' steel tape, 1 " wide.
- Determine if the product will be mounted inside or outside the frame.
- Convey your measurements in inches, width first, length second.


## Finished Width (add all together)

- ROD FACE width is the measurement from one end of the rod to the other (excluding finials). The first pleat is placed at the end of the rod face, regardless of return size.
- OVERLAP is a 5 " standard for a pair of draperies. No overlap exists for shirred or one-way traversing draperies
- RETURNS are the projections from the wall to the front of the rod.


## Finished Length

- Finished length is the actual flat length of the drapery from the top to the bottom, including any headings, or options unless otherwise noted on the option.
- For any finished length over $200^{\prime \prime}$, please call, fax, or mail us your bid for pricing and more information. If using COM fabric, mail in a swatch with your bid.


## Panels 7 Widths or More

- Drapery panels made with 7 widths or more require the oversized option 279 for the extra labor needed to table oversized drapery.



## PRICING FOR FABRICS OVER 54"

Our schedule pricing is structured using fabrics up to 54 " wide. For wider fabrics such as 60 ", 72 " or $118^{\prime \prime}$, products billed by the width are priced using Billing Widths.

For example: 78" finished width panel, $3 x$ fullness will require $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ " of flat fabric. Billing width is calculated by dividing the $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ " by 54 ", which equals 4.44 . Always round up to the next whole number. This product is billed at 5 billing widths.

For questions regarding accurate pricing, please contact the Custom Made office or enter your order or bid directly on the web.

## Finished Length

- Conventional rods - measure from the top of the rod

Decorative rods - measure from the bottom of the rod

- Shirred drapery - measure from the bottom of the rod + heading \& casing.


## How to Measure

## Rod Face Width

- Extend 4" on each side of the window opening to achieve privacy.
- To clear the window, calculate stackback of the drapery by adding $40 \%$ of your window size to determine your new rod face width.
- Overdrapery on a separate rod - add a minimum of 4 " to the rod face width of the underdrapery to determine overdrapery width.
- Overdrapery on a double rod has the same rod face width as the underdrapery.


## Returns

- Overdrapery returns should be a minimum of 2" larger than the underdrapery.
- Underdrapery on a double rod requires no return. Draperies without returns are made with $11 / 2$ " stubs.


## Multiple-Draw/Pairs

In those instances where two or more windows are being covered with one rod, you may want to have multiple draw draperies. This means panels will be different finished widths.

## How to Measure and Order Multiple Draw Pairs

1. Measure for overall face width (shown here as dimension A) Generally speaking, dimension A should extend past window edge a distance equal to one-half the wall space between the windows.
2. Determine individual panel width based upon center of each opening.

Note: Generally, center area is done as a panel and covers $1 / 2$ of each window and wall space, if any. Order as "Standard Overlap on Each Side," BUT when calculating FINISHED WIDTH, add 5" ( $21 / 2$ " per side) for this overlap allowance.
For the outside two panels, it is much easier to order them as a pair.
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## Offset Pairs

There may be occasions when draperies need to be "offset" from center of total face width (shown here as dimension A), This means each panel will be a different width.

| Example: |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Left Panel Face Width (B) | $30 \prime \prime$ |
| + Left Panel Return | $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| + Left Panel Overlap | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Left Panel Finished Width | $36^{\prime \prime}$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Right Panel Face Width (C) | $54^{\prime \prime}$ |
| + Right Panel Return | $31 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| + Right Panel Overlap | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Right Panel Finished Width | $60 \prime$ |

## How to Measure and Order Offset Pairs

Measure for overall face width, and face width for each panel.
Order as a Pair, but specify Left \& Right panel widths.


## Pin Settings

We will pin your pleated draperies at no extra upcharge. Specify pin setting when ordering.
Rod Type
Pin Setting (from Top)

Regular
$13 / 4 "$
Decorative
Ceiling Mount
Cirmosa I 7/8"
Wood Pole TOP
Cafes
Brass Rods $1 "$
Valances/Side Panels $1 "$
Underdraperies

## BEFORE INSTALLATION

Unpack and inspect your custom draperies upon receipt Minimize packing wrinkles by hanging your drapery out of the box before installation. We DO NOT recommend steaming as many fabrics react poorly to water and steam. Most wrinkles fall out if given a few days. For products that may need a touch up, use a cool - warm iron with a pressing cloth.

